

命題：文意選填、篇章 結構、文法

北一女中 寧曉君老師

lillianning@gmail.com

文意選填：命題適切性檢查表

- 1. ___選文是否配合學生的生活、學習經驗與認知能力？
- 2. ___選文難易是否適中？
- 3. ___選文內容及組織結構是否清楚合理？
- 4. ___是否避免以選文首句命題？
- 5. ___每個空格是否有足夠解題線索？
- 6. ___是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑大寫字母、單詞的詞類、名詞單複數、動詞是否加詞尾-s、局部性的片語等即可對號入座之題目？
- 7. ___是否避免答案間詞性各異，語法、語意、語用功能相去太遠而欠缺誘答力？
- 8. ___詞類、句法等基本屬性相似之選項是否每種各有三、四個？
- 9. ___學生若有二格不會，就不會想做題目。因此前二格要可以讓學生不難作答。
- 10. ___挖空的選項不可以在同一句。
- 11. ___留意使用的文字、結構是否讓文章的難度提高？
- 12. ___文章是否為課文相關改寫？
- 13. ___命題版面是否一頁跨兩頁不易作答？

文意選填命題觀摩與討論

- 文意選填命題觀摩
- 文意選填命題討論

篇章結構：命題適切性檢查表

- 1. ___ 是否符合測驗目標？
- 2. ___ 選文是否文意完整，且邏輯結構明確、無爭議性？
- 3. ___ 選文詞彙與句法是否難易適中？
- 4. ___ 選文是否有十五句左右，並適當分段？
- 5. ___ 選項是否涵蓋各種不同篇章功能？
- 6. ___ 選項是否避免爭議？
- 7. ___ 每個空格是否有足夠解題線索？
- 8. ___ 若設計多餘選項，則多餘的選項是否具有誘答力？
- 9. ___ 各選項之語意和篇章功能是否清楚區隔？
- 10. ___ 解題是否僅憑文法概念即可解題？
- 11. ___ 命題版面是否一頁跨兩頁不易作答？

篇章結構命題觀摩與討論

□ 篇章結構命題觀摩

文法：命題適切性檢查表(寧)

- 1. ___ 選文內容是否和課本範圍內文相關？
- 2. ___ 選文內容是否難易適中？
- 3. ___ 選文內容是否提供足夠新資訊，做為設計題目的依據？
- 4. ___ 選項是否避免拼字、用詞或文法錯誤？
- 5. ___ 選項是否避免爭議性或不適當的誘答？
- 6. ___ 題目本身是否有錯誤？
- 7. ___ 題目本身與上下語意是否清楚？
- 8. ___ 選項若為4選1的選擇題，是否正確選項居多？
- 9. ___ 題目是否具多樣性？
- 10. ___ 題目是否具創新性？

文法命題觀摩與討論

□ 文法命題觀摩與討論

文意選填優良範例

1.

Case Closed, also known as *Detective Conan* in Japan and other countries, is a detective comics and animation series by Gosho Aoyama. It has been published in Weekly Shonen Sunday magazine since 1994. A 60 C typical Conan episode begins with the main cast arriving at a location and meeting several new characters. One of them eventually turns up dead, and the others are all possible 61 I suspects. Conan investigates and uses 62 A various tricks to call the adults' attention to the different clues, usually in such a way that they won't suppose that he recognized them as being 63 E relevant to the case. Eventually, Conan will discover some important hints that will confirm his 64 G suspicions of who the killer is; however the viewer will not be told the conclusion he has reached at that very moment. On the contrary, Conan will wait until Richard and all the possible murderers are in the same room and then knock Richard out with a dart from his watch. Then he 65 D impersonates Richard's voice with his bowtie to make Richard seem to have solved the murder. At this point, the viewer as well as the characters themselves is informed of Conan's 66 J deductions. The explanation usually starts with a narration of how the murder was committed, ending with "Richard" revealing the killer's identity. The killer will usually deny it and point out that there is no proof, at which point Conan 67 B discloses that he has found conclusive proof. Then the killer usually 68 F confesses and gives him/herself up, though occasionally they try to make a break for it. Either way, the story comes to an end with the culprit safely behind bars. Oftentimes the final scene involves some sort of gag, like Richard's doing something stupid, to 69 H lighten the mood.

(A) various (B) discloses (C) typical (D) impersonates (E) relevant
(F) confesses (G) suspicions (H) lighten (I) suspects (J) deductions

(Adapted from : <http://www.statemaster.com/encyclopedia/Vivian-Kudo>)

Key: CIAEG DJBFH

優點

1. 出題老師非常用心尋找網路相關課文內容主題之文章，並進行改寫，且非常難得附上出題參考網站資訊。
2. 選項有 3 個名詞 (G.suspicions, I.suspects, J.deductions)、4 個動詞 (B.discloses, D.impersonates, F.confesses, H.lighten)、3 個形容詞 (A.various, C.typical, E.relevant)。詞類、句法等基本屬性相似之選項每種各有三、四個，符合大考命題原則。此外，出題老師相當細心，名詞的部分有注意到皆為複數名詞。

建議

1. 動詞有三個為第三人稱單數動詞，可惜 lighten 為原形動詞，學生容易以文法解題(to + 原形動詞)，應盡量避免此類可直接以局部文法概念解答之考題。
2. 62、63 題在同一句中，建議命題老師可將此長句改寫為兩句，盡量避免同一句挖 2 個空格的情形出現。
3. 63 題可用局部文法概念 be relevant to sth.即可解題。

2.

In the distant past, eastern culture, the Chinese culture, 51. AB in particular, was once considered strange, exotic and even a little mysterious by most westerners. Nevertheless, 52. BD with more and more frequent interaction between the two cultures, things have changed greatly. Recently, an increasing number of westerners are starting to embrace Eastern cultures, 53. E including food, practices, and beliefs. Take my American neighbors, George and Mary, for example. They are a newly-wed couple from the United States. who seem to 54. D have a crush on the Chinese culture. When they were trying to decorate their new apartment, they were 55. B convinced by the Chinese interior designer and decided to take Feng Shui into consideration. To further 56. BC adapt themselves to the Chinese culture, the two of them go to the park every morning and learn to play tai chi chuan with a local master. According to them, they are fascinated by the idea of tai chi, an invisible energy that is 57. AC of essential importance to Chinese medicine. To 58. AD ensure good health, they make it a habit to drink herbal tea. What's more interesting, they don't even mind trying acupuncture, which they believe to be more effective in treating certain 59. A chronic diseases. For them, it is just 60. C a piece of cake.

- A. chronic B. convinced C. a piece of cake D. have a crush on
 E. including AB. in particular AC. of AD. ensure
 BC. adapt BD. with

Key: (AB) (BD) E D B (BC) (AC) (AD) A C

優點

- 命題選項有一個副詞/介係詞片語(AB.in particular)，一個名詞片語(C.a piece of cake)，三個介系詞(E.including, BD.with, AC.of)，兩個形容詞(A.chronic, B.convinced)，三個動詞(D.have a crush on, AD.ensure, BC.adapt)。除了只有一個詞類選項的副詞片語(in particular)與名詞(a piece of cake)的設計之外，其餘每個空格的答題線索都很清楚。介系詞選項(with, of)的設計也兼顧誘答力平均、語意以及語用的設計。
- 出題老師在動詞選項的設計也相當用心，沒有僅憑動詞-s 結尾就可以輕鬆判斷答案的對號入座題。

建議

- 避免以首句命題，幫助學生藉由文章第一句可以快速理解全篇主題。
- 建議教師若遇到只能出一個詞類的選項時，為了避免學生直接用文法概念對號入座的方式解題，可以不需要每一種詞性都出題。

3.

The air quality is awful in a number of big cities all over the globe. It is believed that the vehicles on the road are to 41 AC blame, because they emit greenhouse gases. These gases is one of the main causes of global warming. In 42 AB contrast, the electric cars do not release these harmful gases at all. They are not gas-powered, but utilize wind or solar power 43 AE instead. They are expected to help decarbonizes the auto industry. By using 44 A renewable energy sources the electric cars can be recharged. Some governments therefore 45 C recommend that people switch from traditional to electric cars.

However, there are also some 46 B disadvantages of running cars on electricity. For one thing, the 47 D production process needs lots of energy and resources. In 48 BC addition, the electric cars cost a fortune to buy. Even the replacement parts are so high-priced that they are not easy to come by. Despite these drawbacks, electric cars are still considered 49 AD superior to traditional ones in terms of environmental protection. In 50 E plain English, electric cars do more good than harm.

(A) renewable (B) disadvantages (C) recommend (D) production (E) plain
(AB) contrast (AC) blame (AD) superior (AE) instead (BC) addition

Key: (AC) (AB) (AE) A C B D (BC) (AD) E

優點

1. 此篇命題沒有首句命題，也沒有同一句挖兩個空格。
2. 此篇命題選項有 2 個動詞(C.recommend, AC.blame)、4 個名詞(B.disadvantages, D.production, AB.contrast, BC.addition)、3 個形容詞(A.renewable, E.plain, AD.superior)、以及 1 個副詞(instead)。選項分配除了副詞只有一個之外，其餘的各詞性都相當平均。
3. 此篇選項以及誘答設計整體而言相當用心，幾乎每一個選項都可以考學生閱讀上下文意的能力。

建議

1. 試題版面不宜有一大題跨兩頁的作法，力求方便學生作答(題目與選項盡量在同一頁)，以考試時不需要經常翻頁為原則。此篇綜合測驗 30-34 題、文意選填與閱讀測驗在原試卷的呈現中皆有跨頁的現象。
2. 名詞選項部分，disadvantages 為複數名詞，而其餘三個名詞沒有-s, -es 結尾，因此 46 題選項學生比較容易從文法名詞單複數的觀念直接作答。

文意選填命題討論

1		
1.	選文是否配合學生的生活、學習經驗與認知能力？	[1分]
2.	選文難易是否適中？	[1分]
3.	選文內容及組織結構是否清楚合理？	[1分]
4.	是否避免以選文首句命題？	[1分]
5.	每個空格是否有足夠解題線索？	[2分]
6.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>大寫字母</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
7.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>單詞的詞類</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
8.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>名詞單複數</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
9.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>動詞是否加詞尾-s</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
10.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>局部性的片語</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
11.	是否避免答案間詞性各異，語法、語意、語用功能相去太遠而欠缺誘答力？	[2分]
12.	詞類、句法等基本屬性相似之選項是否每種各有三、四個？	[2分]
13.	學生若有二格不會，就不會想做題目。因此前二格要可以讓學生不難作答。	[1分]
14.	挖空的選項不可以在同一句。	[2分]
15.	留意使用的文字、結構是否讓文章的難度提高。	[1分]
16.	文章是否為課文相關改寫？	[1分]
		總分：
其他意見： 文意選填		

III. Complete the articles. (文意選填) 10% 每題一分

※每題答對得 1 分，答錯倒扣 1/9 分，倒扣到本大題之實得分數為零為止。

【Part A】 Book 6 Lesson 2

(A) a list of (B) success (C) in person (D) basis (E) so that

If the idea of having a personal coach seems strange to you, then think again. The most successful people in society often rely on coaches to keep them on track.

A billionaire as Donald Trump keeps a team of advisors to help him make better business decisions. Even a star athlete like Chien-Ming Wang has a pitching coach to help him get better. People from all walks of life are hiring life coaches to push them towards ___31___ on the road of life.

The main purpose of a life coach is to help their clients discover what they want in life and move them closer to their dreams. Life coaching can focus on career development, getting fit or any areas in a person's life that needs improvement. If you can write a goal down and track your progress, a life coach can help. Through the assistance of a life coach, many individuals have succeeded in finding better jobs, losing weight and repairing damaged relationships.

Life coaches begin their work by getting their clients focused and creating ___32___ goals. Next, they work to create action steps, ___33___ these goals can become a reality. You can communicate with a life coach ___34___, over the phone or even by email. The important thing is that you keep in touch on a weekly ___35___.

Key: BAECD

2		
1.	選文是否配合學生的生活、學習經驗與認知能力？	[1分]
2.	選文難易是否適中？	[1分]
3.	選文內容及組織結構是否清楚合理？	[1分]
4.	是否避免以選文首句命題？	[1分]
5.	每個空格是否有足夠解題線索？	[2分]
6.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>大寫字母</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
7.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>單詞的詞類</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
8.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>名詞單複數</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
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10.	是否避免不依據句意或上下文意，而是僅憑 <u>局部性的片語</u> 即可對號入座之題目？	[1分]
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14.	挖空的選項不可以在同一句。	[2分]
15.	留意使用的文字、結構是否讓文章的難度提高。	[1分]
16.	文章是否為課文相關改寫？	[1分]
		總分：
其他意見： 文意選填		

(A) souvenirs (B) admission fee (C) With (D)entertainment (E) galleries

Iceland isn't the only nation that encountered economic crises. 36 the pound dropping, meals and hotels for visitors to London are almost half the price of what they were before. Enjoy the sightseeing tour by foot or take advantages of London's economical Tube system and famous double-decker buses. For 37, go see Broadway-quality plays for prices much cheaper than in New York. During the daytime, try treasure hunting in London's street markets for cheap and unique 38.

Sometimes the best things in life are on the house. Many art 39 and museums in London don't charge any 40. Other free activities include a picnic in the beautiful Royal Parks and listening to stories or opinions at Speakers' Corner in Hyde Park.

Key: CDAEB

篇章結構命題觀摩

Tea leaves have been grown in Taiwan for over 200 years. ___51_ **D The cultivation of Taiwanese tea began in the late 18th century.** By the end of the 19th century, the island was exporting 5000 tons of tea to Europe and Japan each year. ___52_ **E Originally, the average people failed to drink it because they fell victim to poverty.** Luckily, the price has come down a lot since then. A wide range of teas nowadays are available from different regions of Taiwan. They have gained much recognition for their unique flavor. One of the best-known teas from northern Taiwan is oriental beauty. ___53_ **B Impressed by its smell and taste, queen of England gives the tea its English name long ago.** Down south, Gangkoucha is another world-renowned tea cultivated since 1875. ___54_ **C Its name comes from Gangkou village in Pingtung County, where the weather conditions are bad.** In order to survive, the tea leaves there have developed the ability to store nutrients. The leaves also grow thicker than most other varieties, which results in Gangkoucha's special flavor. ___55_ **A With these varieties of tea, Taiwan's tea industry will have you covered, no matter which kind of tea you favor.**

- (A) With these varieties of tea, Taiwan's tea industry will have you covered, no matter which kind of tea you favor.
- (B) Impressed by its smell and taste, queen of England gives the tea its English name long ago.
- (C) Its name comes from Gangkou village in Pingtung County, where the weather conditions are bad.
- (D) The cultivation of Taiwanese tea began in the late 18th century.
- (E) Originally, the average people failed to drink it because they fell victim to poverty.

文法題命題觀摩與討論

Grammar (18%)

Part I: Cloze

High ranking in search engines doesn't necessarily reflect credibility of one website. Many popular search engines evaluate Web sites using a long list of criteria, but pay __42__ heed to the most important two: Who publishes this Web site and wrote its content, and why? You would __43__ trust a book __43__ knowing its author and publisher; why would you trust a Web site when you have no idea who wrote it? The site may be published by an intelligent person who has a lot of knowledge about the topic, but it's also likely that the publisher is merely looking to have some fun. That is, the website is more __44__ than __44__. It is not meant to be taken seriously. Worse of all, it may have been written by someone who is looking to sell you his products. But how do you find who published the site and why? The "About Us" section of a site is a good place to start. If the site doesn't list the name of the publisher and its management team—and this is often the case—then hit your Back button and visit another site. Once you know who published the Web site and wrote the content, you have to ask, "Why?" You can't be __45__ careful in choosing what to believe. It is not uncommon to come across __46__ Web sites that appear to offer valid information but in fact were created for another purpose. Be wary of sites that aren't what they seem. (from http://blog.findingdulcinea.com/web_search/)

- C** 42. (A) many (B) much (C) little (D) few
D 43. (A) not only, but also (B) hardly, than (C) not, less than (D) never, without
B 44. (A) educational, entertaining (B) entertaining, educational
(C) education, entertain (D) entertain, education
B 45. (A) much (B) too (C) further (D) even
A 46. (A) plenty of (B) many a (C) nothing but (D) no more than

C 1. The younger you are, _____ to learn.

- (A) it is easier (B) the easier is
(C) the easier it is (D) the more easily it is

A 2. Petrol is _____ as it was a few years ago.

- (A) twice as expensive (B) twice more expensive
(C) as twice expensive (D) more than twice expensive

B 3. (A) The best way to make new friends are to join a club.

- (B) All you have to do is study hard.
(C) Nobody but William and Harry were absent.
(D) The cause of many accidents were the faulty brakes.

B 4. (A) No news are good news.

- (B) To complete the presentation on time, more than one student is required.
(C) When and where to build the museum are not decided.
(D) One thousand dollars are a large sum for me.

A 5. Some research on the effects of television _____ that _____ actually negatively influenced the lives of many children.

- (A) has shown; it has (B) has shown; they have
(C) have shown; it has (D) have shown; they have

B 6. But for air, water, and sunshine, no plant in the world _____.

- (A) can thrive (B) could thrive **【Lesson 4】**
(C) will be thriving (D) could have been thriven

D 7. _____ if Amy really understood what her teacher taught, she nodded and said yes.

- (A) Ask (B) Asking (C) To ask (D) Asked **【Lesson 6】**